1¹/₂" *Faircloth Skimmer*® Surface Drain for Sediment Basins Instructions for Assembly, Use and Maintenance

You Will Need:

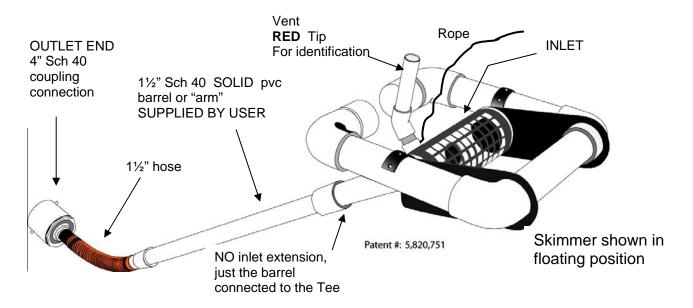
6 feet, BUT DON'T USE MORE THAN 6', of 1¹/₂" Sch 40 PVC SOLID, not foam core, pipe Primer and glue for PVC pipe Phillips screw driver, maybe a knife

Assembly and Installation Directions.

1. Glue the 1½" x 6' long pipe, the barrel or "arm" to the Tee on the **inlet**. Install the **vent**.

Details You will need 6' of 1¹/₂" Sch 40 pipe, solid not foam core. *Prime and glue barrel to the* 1¹/₂" *end of the Tee on the side of the* **Inlet** (3" *horizontal tube suspended between the sides of the float with the aluminum screen door).*

Install the **vent** into the 1" socket in the Tee. Back the screw out, put the short end of the vent into the socket, pointing the long end (with the red mark identifying it as a 1½" *Faircloth Skimmer®* surface drain for sediment basins) toward the door on the inlet, and tighten the screw just so the point goes into the pipe.



2. Glue the $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Sch 40 **barrel** pipe to the $1\frac{1}{2}$ " white coupling on the **hose**.

If barrel is longer than 6' the skimmer WILL NOT float at the right depth.

3. Cut the **orifice** (to control the drawdown rate) in the plug (size shown on the erosion control plans), put the plug in the **inlet**, and tighten the screw. Close the door.

Details Refer to the erosion control plans for the orifice size. Open the door on the inlet and remove the 11/2"

plug in the inlet. <u>Follow the instructions below</u> for cutting the ORIFICE. Install the orifice in the inlet, secure it with the screw (put the screwdriver through the hole in the top of the inlet) and close the door and secure it with the screw eye. <u>If you do not know</u> <u>the size</u> of the orifice, refer to the instructions on the next page.

4. Cut a trench in the bottom of the basin 1' to 2' deep under where the skimmer will be placed. If required, place a support under the skimmer inlet.

Details If the skimmer will settle to the bottom when the basin drains it is recommended that a 1' - 2' deep trench a backhoe



bucket wide should be excavated under the skimmer to catch sediment that will settle under the skimmer.

If a pool of water is to be provided, install the support under the skimmer inlet as shown on the erosion control plans. It is recommended that the hose connection to the pipe through the dam be <u>low enough that the whole pond</u> <u>can be drained using the skimmer</u> even if a pool of water is to be provided. Doing this will avoid using a pump to drain the very bottom of the pond.

If ice is expected during winter place the skimmer near the dam or side of the basin where the ice will be the thinnest and you can get to the inlet to break the ice and keep water flowing through the skimmer. But do not put it so close to the side that the skimmer cannot settle to the bottom and drain the whole basin.

5. Attach the **4**" **coupling** on the **hose** to the pipe through the dam or the outlet structure.

Details Make sure the screw points are not protruding into the **4" coupling** on the **hose** and attach it to the pipe through the dam. Tighten the screws just so the points go into the plastic to secure it. Greasing the pipe is recommended so the hose can be removed later.

If the connection pipe is larger than 4" you will need a coupling for that pipe, a bushing for that coupling with a 4" socket, and about 10" of 4" pipe to create an attachment.

If attaching to a metal pipe you will need a rubber coupling (Fernco) and a short piece of 4" pvc pipe to make the connection.

OR The 4" coupling can be removed and the hose connected using the $1\frac{1}{2}$ " threaded fitting. If attaching to a concrete structure with a hole or orifice at the bottom, either: **1**) grout a 4" PVC pipe into the hole and connect the hose: or **2**) a more secure way is to use a steel plate with a hole cut in it and $1\frac{1}{2}$ " coupling welded to it that will fit over the hole in the concrete and bolt the plate to the structure with sealant to make it water tight.

6. Attach the **rope** to the Tee and the other end to a stake on the side of the basin.

Details Tie one end of the **rope** around the Tee between the vent socket and the 3" tube on the inlet. Secure the other end to a stake or post on the dam or side of the basin where it can be used to pull the skimmer to the side if necessary to remove trash and debris.

7. Put a fence post, **1 not 2**, on the opposite side of the barrel from where the rope is tied to a stake to keep the skimmer in place.

Details Put the skimmer where you want it to settle to the bottom and drive a metal fence post into the ground **on the outside** of the barrel (away from the side) 2' from the float to hold the skimmer in that place. Make sure it is <u>tall</u> <u>enough</u> so the barrel does not float over the top when the basin fills. Posts on both sides of the barrel <u>are not</u> <u>recommended</u> because it will prevent pulling the skimmer to the side for maintenance.

8. Take a break.

Maintenance

Trash: If the inlet screen clogs and there is water in the basin, tugging on the rope several times will usually wash the trash off and restore flow. If not, pull the inlet to the side of the basin and use a stick to clean the screen. Open the screen door and remove any trash or sediment inside so grass or trees do not grow in the inlet. (Yes, this can happen!)

Sediment Accumulation Around Skimmer: A shallow, long basin, using baffles, and inflow in the basin at the <u>opposite end</u> from the outlet help keep sediment away from the skimmer. If sediment restricts skimmer movement, pull the skimmer to one side and excavate under it.

Ice: Try to keep ice broken up at the inlet and around the barrel to keep water flowing, making it less likely the inlet will freeze. Spray painting the float black to absorb heat is recommended. Use paint that will stick to PVC plastic. **Handling the Skimmer:** The skimmer is made of plastic and will withstand heat, cold and sunlight but it needs to be handled by hand, NOT grabbed with a backhoe bucket and yanked around, <u>especially in cold weather</u>. To remove the skimmer, disconnect the hose first, then disconnect the barrel from the inlet extension. DO NOT try to pull the skimmer loose with a backhoe.

Vandalism: Keep unauthorized persons that may do damage off the site. Do not provide rocks close to the skimmer if possible. If possible, taking other considerations into account, position the skimmer out in the basin away from the banks to decrease the potential for a successful hit.

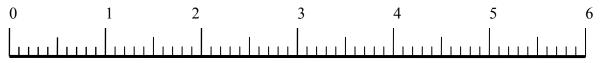
Call if you have problems or questions

Cutting and Installing the ORIFICE in the Inlet

Purpose: cutting a smaller hole or **orifice** (less than 1½") in the plug and installing it in the inlet reduces the flow rate through the skimmer to match the volume of the basin and the number days to drain the basin. It customizes the skimmer for the basin it is used in and **is not optional** if the erosion control plan calls for a specific orifice.

- 1. The size of the orifice should be <u>shown on the erosion control plans</u> with the sediment basin specifications. If so use the following instructions to adjust the cutter, cut the orifice in the plug, and put the plug in the inlet. If the size is not shown use the instructions on the next page to determine the orifice size or call us.
- 2. **Cutting the Orifice** After finding the size of the orifice on the plans or determining the size use the cutter provided to cut the hole in the center of the plastic plug you removed from the inlet.

Measure the radius (1/2 of the diameter) of the required orifice from the center of the pilot hole in the plug and mark it with a pencil. Ruler is marked in 10's of inches.



Fold Page on Bottom Line to Create Ruler for Measuring Orifice Radius

BE CAREFUL OF THE SHARP NAIL POINT! Loosen the bolt in the slot by turning the wing nut. Place the end of the bolt with the 2 nuts on it in the pilot hole in the center of the plastic plug. Place the point of the nail on the mark for the orifice radius.

While holding the bolt at the proper place, remove the cutter from the pilot hole and tighten the wing nut. You should be able to tighten it without a wrench or pliers.

Next, insert the end of the bolt back in the pilot hole in the flat side of the plastic plug so the nail point is against the plug. Hold the plug in one hand while turning the cutter with the other hand and scour the plug. Don't try to cut through the plug with just one turn, take several on each side. Turn the plug over and scour the other side several times.

The center of the hole should pop out after scouring both sides even if the plastic is not cut completely through around the entire perimeter. If not, CAREFULLY use a knife and cut around the scour line to finish cutting through.

3. **Installing the Orifice** Remove the screw eye holding the aluminum screen door on the inlet and open the door to get to the inlet:

Put the plug into the inlet, the 1½" pipe sticking through the side of the 3" pipe with the Tee attached to it. **See the picture above.** Tighten the screw on the inlet enough so the point goes into the plug. Put the Phillips screwdriver through the hole in the top of the inlet to reach this screw. Check to make sure the plug is secure.

DON'T GLUE THE PLUG IN THE INLET. Doing so limits reusing the skimmer on another sediment basin that requires a different size orifice.

Close the door and replace the screw eye to hold it shut.

Determining Orifice Size

Draining the sediment basin in the required time involves: **#1** choosing the size skimmer needed to drain the basin's volume in the specified number of days, in this case a 1½" skimmer; and **#2** adjusting the flow rate through the skimmer using a smaller **orifice** or hole placed in the inlet pipe. To determine the <u>radius of this orifice</u> divide the basin's volume by a **factor** (from #2 below) for the number of days to drain the basin; the result is the required **area** of the orifice. Then, calculate the orifice radius using Area = πr^2 and solving for r, $r = \sqrt{(Area/3.14)}$. The cutter can be adjusted to that radius and the orifice cut in the plastic plug that fits in the inlet as described above. This procedure "customizes" the skimmer for the basin it will be installed in.

1. Approximate skimmer maximum capacities based on typical draw down requirements, which can vary between States and jurisdictions and watersheds. Draining the basin in less than 2 days is not recommended.

1½" skimmer	1,728 cubic feet in 24 hours	8,640 cubic feet in 5 days
with a 1½" head	3,456 cubic feet in 2 days	10,368 cubic feet in 6 days
	5,184 cubic feet in 3 days	12,096 cubic feet in 7 days
	6,912 cubic feet in 4 days	

2. **Factors** (in cubic feet of flow per square inch of opening through a round orifice for the draw down times shown) to use in determining the orifice radius in inches for a particular basin volume to be drained. This quick method works because the orifice is centered and has a constant head (the distance between the center and the water surface).

<u>An alternative method</u> is to use the orifice equation (C = 0.59) with the head for the particular skimmer (shown under #1 above) and determine the required orifice for the volume and draw down time.

1½" skimmer	960 to drain the basin in 24 hours	4,800 to drain the basin in 5 days
	1,920 to drain the basin in 2 days	5,760 to drain the basin in 6 days
	2,280 to drain the basin in 3 days	6,720 to drain the basin in 7 days
	3,840 to drain the basin in 4 days	

The **1**) size skimmer necessary for the sediment basin and **2**) the required orifice radius and diameter for the skimmer <u>should be shown on the erosion control plan</u> for each basin. Also give the basin volume and number of days to drain; this can be helpful when the contractor orders the skimmer. During the skimmer installation the required orifice can be cut in the plastic plug by the contractor using the supplied cutter and installed in the skimmer using the instructions with the skimmer.

The plan review and enforcement authority may require calculations showing that the skimmer used can drain the basin in the required time.

For more information on sizing the orifice and for an example problem go to our web site or call us.

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